

IND AS 102 SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

Illustration 3 - Share-based payment with cash alternative (MTP Oct'21)

On 1st January, 20X1, ABC limited gives options to its key management personnel (employees) to take either cash equivalent to 1,000 shares or 1,500 shares. The minimum service requirement is 2 years and shares being taken must be kept for 3 years.

Fair values of the shares are as follows:	₹
Share alternative fair value (with restrictions) <i>Grant Date</i>	102
Grant date fair value on 1st January, 20X1 <i>Cash alternative</i>	113
Fair value on 31st December, 20X1	120
Fair Value on 31st December, 20X2	132

*1 Share
1000 x 102
= 102000*

The employees exercise their cash option at the end of 20X2. Pass the journal entries.

Grant Date *{ Pat to be made considering Grant Date Fair Value }*

Fair value of Equity Alternative $\{ 1500 \times 102 \}$	<i>Other</i>	153000
" " " Cash " $\{ 1000 \times 113 \}$	<i>Other</i>	113000
	<i>Equity Component</i>	<u>40000</u>

\therefore At Grant Date, *Other*

Liability Component = 113000

Equity Component = 40000 *{ For Equity, Fair Value change not considered }*

1st yr End

Employee Benefit Expenses	Dr.	80000	
TO SBPR (Equity)		$\{ \frac{40000}{2} \}$	20000
TO SBPL (Liability)		$\{ 1000 \text{ sh.} \times 120 \div 2 \text{ yrs} \}$	60000

*↓
New Fair Value*

2nd yr End

Employee Benefit Expenses	Dr.	92000	
TO SBPR (Equity)		$\{ \frac{40000}{2} \}$	20000
TO SBPL (Liability)		$\{ (1000 \times 132) - 60000 \}$	72000

At 2nd year end

BSheet

Equity
SBPR

- 40000

Liab
SBPL

- 132000

SBPL 132000
To SBPR 132000

SBPR 132000

Single Employee exercised cash option

(i) SBPL 132000
To Cash 132000

(ii) SBPR (Equity) 40000
To Retained Earnings (Equity) 40000

Share option

~~SBPL 132000
To SBPR 132000~~

~~SBPR 132000
To Sh.Cap
To S.Prem 132000~~

Illustration 10 - Modifications - Equity-settled share based payment

Marathon Inc. issued 150 share options to each of its 1,000 employees subject to the service condition of 3 years. Fair value of the option given was calculated at ₹ 129. Below are the details and activities related to the SBP plan-

Year 1: 35 employees left and further 60 employees are expected to leave. Share options re-priced (as MV of shares has fallen) as the FV fell to ₹ 50. After the re-pricing they are now worth ₹ 80, hence expense is expected to increase by ₹ 30.

Year 2: 30 employees left and further 36 employees are expected to leave

Year 3: 39 employees left

How the modification/ re-pricing will be accounted?

$$\frac{905 \text{ Emp} \times 150 \text{ Sh} \times 129}{3}$$

899

1st year

$$\frac{(1000 - 35 - 60) \text{ Emp} \times 150 \text{ Sh} \times 129}{3 \text{ yrs}}$$

= 5837250

2nd yr

$$\frac{(1000 - 35 - 30 - 36) \times 150 \text{ sh} \times 129}{3415} \times 2415 - 5837250$$

$$= \underline{5759850}$$

Modification Entry

$$899 \text{ Emp} \times \frac{150 \text{ sh} \times 30}{2415}$$

$$= \underline{2022750}$$

$$\therefore \text{Total Exp (2nd yr)} = 5759850 + 2022750 = \underline{7782600}$$

3rd yr

$$\frac{(1000 - 35 - 30 - 39) \text{ Emp} \times 150 \text{ sh} \times 129}{3415} \times 3415 - 5837250 - 5759850$$

$$= \underline{5740500}$$

Modification Entry

$$896 \text{ Emp} \times \frac{150 \text{ sh} \times 30}{2415} - 2022750$$

$$= \underline{2009250}$$

$$\therefore \text{Total Exp (3rd yr)} = 5740500 + 2009250 = \underline{7749750}$$

modification

Entity grants 1 stock option to 100 Emp.

Vesting Condition = 3 yrs.

Exercise price = £ 100 ↘ 150

~~Fair Value of Share at Grant Date = 250~~

Fair Value of Option of Grant Date = £ 115

<u>1st</u>		<u>2nd</u>		<u>3rd</u>
E.C.E 3833		E.C.E 3833		E.C.E 3833
To SBR 3833		To SBR 3833		To SBR 3833

At 1st yr end

Fair Value of Share price fall significantly and therefore Fair Value of

option reduced to £ 25 only.

Q.P. 100 ↘
F.V. of Share 140 } F.V. of option = 25

modification


Exercise price reduced to £ 30.

↘
Q.P. = 30 ↘ F.V. of option = 90
F.V. of Share = 140

Additional Expenses borne by Entity = 90 - 25

= $\frac{65}{100}$
↘
65 x 100 Emp = 6500

	<u>2nd yr</u>		<u>3rd yr</u>
E.C.E	3250	E.C.E	3250
To SBR	3250	To SBR	3250

Illustration 11 - Cancellation- Equity Settled Share based payment  Cancellation & Settlement

Anara Fertilisers Limited issued 2000 share options to its 10 directors for an exercise price of ₹ 100. The directors are required to stay with the company for next 3 years.

Fair value of the option estimated ₹ 130
 Expected number of directors to vest the option 8

During the year 2, there was a crisis in the company and Management decided to cancel the scheme immediately. It was estimated further as below-

Fair value of option at the time of cancellation was ₹ 90
 Market price of the share at the cancellation date was ₹ 99

There was a compensation which was paid to directors and only 9 directors were currently in employment. At the time of cancellation of such scheme, it was agreed to pay an amount of ₹ 95 per option to each of 9 directors. How the cancellation would be recorded?

~~₹ 600000~~ 9 × 2000 × 130

1st yr end

Expenses =
$$\frac{8 \text{ Directors} \times 2000 \text{ sh} \times 130}{3 \text{ yrs}}$$

=
$$\frac{693333}{3} \rightarrow \text{E.O.E. } 693333$$

To SBPR 693333

→ Yaha par Exam me ₹ 90 likh ke mat ajana.

2nd yr end

Expenses =
$$9 \text{ Directors} \times 2000 \text{ sh} \times 130 - 693333$$

 =
$$1646667$$

E.O.E. 1646667
To SBPR 1646667

2nd yr end

B/Sheet

<u>Equity</u>		
SBPR	2340000	→ 9 × 2000 × 130
	(1620000)	

SBPR (9 × 2000 × 90)		1620000
PL		90000
		1710000

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cancellation Compensation to Employees} &= 9 \text{ directors} \times 2000 \text{ sh} \times 95 \\ &= \underline{1710000} \end{aligned}$$

But,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Fair Value of option at the time of cancellation} &= 9 \times 2000 \times 90 \\ &= 1620000 \end{aligned}$$

Journal

SBPR (Equity) <90> 1620000

PL <9x2000x5> <95> 90000

TO Bank

1710000

Working Notes:

1. Amount to be deducted from Equity

Number of directors	9
Fair value of option (at the date of cancellation)	90
Number of options / directors	2,000
Total	16,20,000

2. Amount transferred to Profit and Loss

Total cancellation compensation	17,10,000
Less: To deduct from Equity	(16,20,000)
Balance transferred to Profit and Loss	90,000

PLC

Question 12: (MTP/RTP May'20)



V.V. Emp.

2403

An entity which follows its financial year as per the calendar year grants 1,000 share appreciation rights (SARs) to each of its 40 management employees as on 1st January 20X5. The SARs provide the employees with the right to receive (at the date when the rights are exercised) cash equal to the appreciation in the entity's share price since the grant date. All of the rights vest on 31st December 20X6; and they can be exercised during 20X7 and 20X8. Management estimates that, at grant date, the fair value of each SAR is ₹ 11; and it estimates that overall 10% of the employees will leave during the two-year period. The fair values of the SARs at each year end are shown below:

Year	Fair value at year end
31 December 20X5	12
31 December 20X6	8
31 December 20X7	13
31 December 20X8	12

10% of employees left before the end of 20X6. On 31st December 20X7 (when the intrinsic value of each SAR was ₹ 10), six employees exercised their options; and the remaining 30 employees exercised their options at the end of 20X8 (when the intrinsic value of each SAR was equal to the fair value of ₹12). How much expense and liability is to be recognized at the end of each year? Pass Journal entries.

1st Jan 20X5 31.12.05

$$\text{Expenses} = (40 - 10\%) \text{ i.e. } \frac{36 \text{ emp} \times 1000 \text{ SAR} \times 12}{2 \text{ years}} = 216000$$

Journal

G.B.E.

216000

TO SBPL

216000

2nd yr End 31.12.06

$$\text{Expenses} = \frac{36 \text{ Emp} \times 1000 \text{ SAR} \times 8}{24 \text{ ms}} \times 24 \text{ ms} - 216000 = 72000$$

Journal

E.B.E. 72000
 TO SBPL 72000

BS/Sheet
 SBPL = 216000
 (+) 72000
288000

3rd yr End 31.12.06

Total Liability = 30 Emp x 1000 x 13 + 6 Emp x 1000 x 10
 = 390000 + 60000
 = 450000

Gain Value

Anticipate Value.

∴ Inc in Liab = 450000 - 288000 = 162000

Journal

E.B.E. 162000
 TO SBPL 162000

SBPL 60000
 TO CASH 60000

→ SBPL (288000 + 162000) = 450000

→ SBPL (450000 - 60000) = 390000
 30 x 1000 x 13

4th yr End (31.12.07)

Total Liab = 30 Emp x 1000 x 12 = 360000

9.v.

Journal

SBPL 360000
 TO CASH 360000

 SBPL 30000
 TO E.B.E. (PL) 30000

ICAT

SBPL 390000
 TO CASH 360000
 TO E.B.E. (PL) 30000

Question 10: (MTP Mar'19) (RTP Nov'19)

F.V. of option on Grant Date = 1.20

QA Ltd. had on 1st April, 20X1 granted 1,000 share options each to 2,000 employees. The options are due to vest on 31st March, 20X4 provided the employee remains in employment till 31st March, 20X4.

On 1st April, 20X1, the Directors of Company estimated that 1,800 employees would qualify for the option on 31st March, 20X4. This estimate was amended to 1,850 employees on 31st March, 20X2 and further amended to 1,840 employees on 31st March, 20X3.

On 1st April, 20X1, the fair value of an option was ₹ 1.20. The fair value increased to ₹ 1.30 as on 31st March, 20X2 but due to challenging business conditions, the fair value declined thereafter. In September, 20X2, when the fair value of an option was ₹ 0.90, the Directors repriced the option and this caused the fair value to increase to ₹ 1.05. Trading conditions improved in the second half of the year and by 31st March, 20X3 the fair value of an option was ₹ 1.25. QA Ltd. decided that additional cost incurred due to repricing of the options on 30th September, 20X2 should be spread over the remaining vesting period from 30th September, 20X2 to 31st March, 20X4.

The Company has requested you to suggest the suitable accounting treatment for these transaction as on 31st March, 20X3.

1st yr End (31.3.02)

$$\text{Expenses} = \frac{1850 \text{ Emp} \times 1000 \times 1.20}{3 \text{ yrs}} = 740000$$

2nd yr End (31.3.03)

$$\text{Expenses} = \frac{1840 \times 1000 \times 1.20}{3 \text{ yrs}} \times 2 \text{ yrs} - 740000 = 732000$$

modification

$$\text{Expense} = \frac{1840 \times 1000 \times 0.15}{1.5 \text{ yrs}} \times 1.5 \text{ yrs} = 92000$$

$$\text{Total expense (31.3.03)} = 732000 + 92000 = 824000$$

3rd yr End (31.3.04)

No info provided

Accordingly, the amounts recognised in years 1 and 2 are as follows:

Year	Calculation	Compensation expense for period	Cumulative for compensation expense
		₹	₹
1	$[1,850 \text{ employees} \times 1,000 \text{ options} \times ₹1.20] \times 1/3$	7,40,000	7,40,000
2	$(1,840 \text{ employees} \times 1,000 \text{ options} \times [(\₹1.20 \times 2/3) + \{(\₹1.05 - 0.90) \times 0.5/1.5\}] - 7,40,000$	8,24,000	15,64,000

Note: Year 3 calculations have not been provided as it was not required in the question.

9. P Ltd. granted 400 stock appreciation rights (SAR) each to 75 employees on 1st April 20X1 with a fair value ₹ 200. The terms of the award require the employee to provide service for four years in order to earn the award. The fair value of each SAR at each reporting date is as follows:

31 st March 20X2	₹ 210
31 st March 20X3	₹ 220
31 st March 20X4	₹ 215
31 st March 20X5	₹ 218

What would be the difference if at the end of the second year of service (i.e. at 31st March 20X3), P Ltd. modifies the terms of the award to require only three years of service?

without modification

$$1^{\text{st}} \text{ yr} \Rightarrow \frac{75 \times 400 \times 210}{4 \text{ yrs}} = 1575000$$

$$2^{\text{nd}} \text{ yr} \Rightarrow \frac{75 \times 400 \times 220}{4 \text{ yrs}} \times 2 \text{ yrs} - 1575000 = 1725000$$

$$3^{\text{rd}} \text{ yr} \Rightarrow \frac{75 \times 400 \times 215}{4 \text{ yrs}} \times 3 \text{ yrs} - 1575000 - 1725000 = 1537500$$

$$4^{\text{th}} \text{ yr} \Rightarrow \frac{75 \times 400 \times 218}{4 \text{ yrs}} \times 4 \text{ yrs} - 1575000 - 1725000 - 1537500 = 1702500$$

with modification

$$1^{\text{st}} \text{ yr} \Rightarrow \frac{75 \times 400 \times 210}{4 \text{ yrs}} = 1575000$$

$$2^{\text{nd}} \text{ yr} \Rightarrow \frac{75 \times 400 \times 220}{3 \text{ yrs}} \times 2 \text{ yrs} - 1575000 = 2825000$$

$$3^{\text{rd}} \text{ yr} \Rightarrow \frac{75 \times 400 \times 215}{3 \text{ yrs}} \times 3 \text{ yrs} - 1575000 - 2825000 = 2050000$$

$$4^{\text{th}} \text{ yr} \Rightarrow 75 \times 400 \times 218 - 1575000 - 2825000 - 2050000 = 900000$$

Date	Particulars	Debit	Credit
31.03.20X2	Profit and Loss account To Liability against SARs (Being expenses liability for stock appreciation rights recognised)	Dr. 15.75	15.75
31.03.20X3	Profit and Loss account To Liability for SARs (Being expenses liability for stock appreciation rights recognised)	Dr. 17.25	17.25
31.03.20X4	Profit and Loss account To Liability for SARs (Being expenses liability for stock appreciation rights recognised)	Dr. 15.38	15.38
31.03.20X5	Profit and Loss account To Liability for SARs (Being expenses liability for stock appreciation rights recognised)	Dr. 17.02	17.02

Date	Particulars	Debit	Credit
31.03.20X2	Profit and Loss account To Liability for SARs (Being expenses liability for stock appreciation rights recognised)	Dr. 15.75	15.75
31.03.20X3	Profit and Loss account To Liability for SARs (Being expenses liability for stock appreciation rights recognised)	Dr. 28.25	28.25
31.03.20X4	Profit and Loss account To Liability for SARs (Being expenses liability for stock appreciation rights recognised)	Dr. 20.50	20.50

5000

Question 11

A parent, Company P, grants 30 shares to 100 employees each of its subsidiary, Company S, on condition that the employees remain employed by Company S for three years. Assume that at the outset, and at the end of Years 1 and 2, it is expected that all the will remain employed for all the three years. At the end of Year 3, none of the employees has left. The fair value of the shares on grant date is ₹ 5 per share.

$$100 \text{ Emp} \times 30 \times 5 = 15000$$

Company S agrees to reimburse Company P over the term of the arrangement for 75 percent of the final expense recognised by Company S. What would be the accounting treatment in the books of Company P and Company S?

Parent

Inv in Subsidiary (25%)	1250
Bank (75%)	3750
To SBPR	5000

Subs.

E.B.E.	5000
To Cash	3750
To Capital cont ⁿ from parent	1250

Same Entry in 2nd & 3rd yr.

Question 7 (RTP Nov'22)

The following particulars in respect of stock options granted by a company are available:

No. of Employees covered	400	Nominal Value per share	100
No. of options per Employee	60	Exercise price per share	125

Shares offered were put in three groups. Group 1 was for 20% of shares offered with vesting period one-year. Group II was for 40% of shares offered with vesting period two- years. Group III was for 40% of shares offered with vesting period three- years. Fair value of option per share on grant date was 10 for Group I, 12.50 for Group II and 14 for Group III.

Position on 1st Year	Position on 2nd Year	Position on 3rd Year
No. of employees left = 40	Employees left = 35	Employees left = 28
Estimate of employees to leave in Year 2 = 36	Estimate of employees to leave in Year 3 = 30	Employees exercising Options in Group III = 295
Estimate of employees to leave in Year 3 = 34	Employees exercising Options in Group II = 319	
Employees exercising Options in Group I = 350		

Options not exercised immediately on vesting, were forfeited. Compute expenses to recognise in each year and show important accounts in the books of the company.

V.P. = 141
Group 1 {12 option}

Year 1
 400-40
 No. of Employees = 360
 Fair Value = 10
 Exp = 360 x 12 x 10
 = 43200
 (1st yr)

Year 1 = 43200

V.P. = 2415
Group 2 {24 option}

Year 1
 No. of Emp. = 400 - 40 - 36 = 324
 Fair Value = 12.5
 Exp (total) = 324 x 24 x 12.5
 = 97200
 Exp (1st year) = $\frac{97200}{2} = 48600$
 (1st yr)

Year 2
 No. of Emp = 400 - 40 - 35 = 325
 ∴ Exp (total) = 325 x 24 x 12.5
 = 97500
 Exp (2nd yr) = 97500 - 48600 (1st yr)
 = 48900 (2nd yr)

Year 1 - 48600 | Year 2 - 48900

V.P. = 3415
Group 3 {24 options}

Year 1
 No. of Emp = 400 - 40 - 36 - 34 = 290
 Fair Value = 14
 Exp (total) = 290 x 24 x 14 = 97440
 ∴ Exp (1st yr) = $\frac{97440}{3} = 32480$

Year 2
 No. of Emp. = 400 - 40 - 35 - 30 = 295
 ∴ Exp (total) = 295 x 24 x 14 = 99120
 ∴ Exp (2nd) = $\frac{99120}{3} \times 2 - 32480 = 33600$

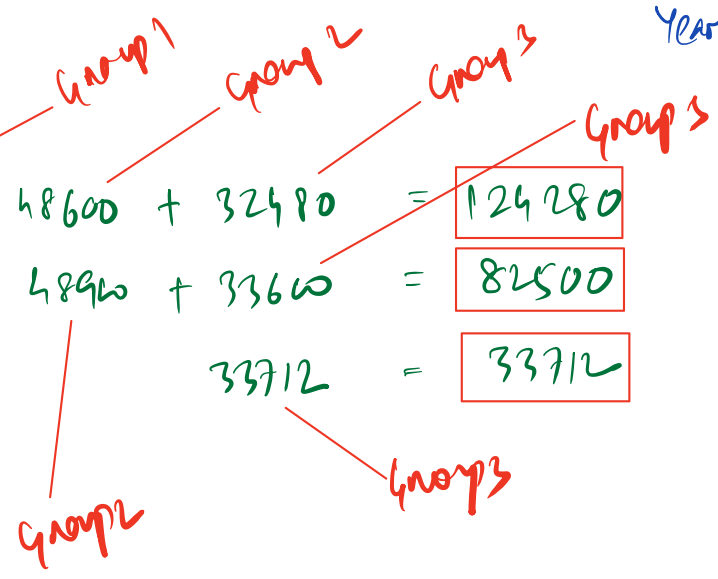
Year 3
 No. of Emp = 400 - 40 - 35 - 28 = 297
 ∴ Exp (total) = 297 x 24 x 14 = 99792
 ∴ Exp (3rd yr) = 99792 - 32480 - 33600
 = 33712

Year 1 - 32480 | Year 2 - 33600

Year 3 - 33712

Total Expenses year wise

Year 1	-	43200	+	48600	+	32480	=	124280
Year 2	-			48900	+	33600	=	82500
Year 3	-					33712	=	33712



Dr.

Emp. Benefits Exp A/c

Cr.

To SBPR (Year 1)	124280	By P/L (Year 1)	124280
To SBPR (Year 2)	82500	By P/L (Year 2)	82500
To SBPR (Year 3)	33712	By P/L (Year 3)	33712

Share Based Payment Reserve A/c* (Practice)

Year 1

To Retained Earnings $\{10 \times 12 \times 10\}$	1200	By E.B.E ¹⁰	124280
To Share Cap. $\{350 \times 12 \times 100\}$	420000	By Bank $\{350 \times 12 \times 125\}$ ⁴³²⁰⁰	525000
To Securities Prem $\{350 \times 12 \times 35\}$	147000		
By Bal b/d $\{48600 + 32400\}$ _{Group 2 Group 3}	81080		

Year 2

To Retained Earnings $\{6 \times 24 \times 12.5\}$	1800	By Bal b/d (Group 2 & 3)	81080
To Share Cap. $\{319 \times 24 \times 100\}$	765600	By E.B.E	82500
To Securities Prem $\{319 \times 24 \times 37.5\}$	287100	By Bank $\{319 \times 24 \times 125\}$	957000
By Bal b/d $\{32480 + 33600\}$	66080		

Year 3

To Retained Earnings $\{2 \times 24 \times 14\}$	672	By Bal b/d	66080
To Share Cap. $\{295 \times 24 \times 100\}$	708000	By E.B.E	33712
To Securities Prem $\{295 \times 24 \times 39\}$	276120	By Bank $\{295 \times 24 \times 125\}$	865000